

## House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 66

February Session, 2002

House Bill No. 5295

House of Representatives, March 19, 2002

The Committee on Public Safety reported through REP. DARGAN of the 115th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

# AN ACT CONCERNING TAX REBATES FOR LICENSEES CONDUCTING JAI ALAI OR DOG RACING EVENTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (m) of section 12-575 of the general statutes, as
- 2 amended by section 87 of public act 01-9 of the June special session, is
- 3 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective upon
- 4 passage):
- 5 (m) (1) The executive director shall pay each municipality in which
- 6 a horse race track is located, one-quarter of one per cent of the total
- 7 money wagered on horse racing events at such race track, except the
- 8 executive director shall pay each such municipality having a
- 9 population in excess of fifty thousand one per cent of the total money
- wagered at such horse racing events in such municipality. The executive director shall pay each municipality in which a jai alai
- 12 fronton or dog race track is located one-half of one per cent of the total
- 13 money wagered on jai alai games or dog racing events at such fronton

HB5295 / File No. 66

or dog race track, except the executive director shall pay each such 14 15 municipality having a population in excess of fifty thousand one per 16 cent of the total money wagered on jai alai games or dog racing events 17 at such fronton or dog race track located in such municipality. The 18 executive director shall pay each municipality in which an off-track 19 betting facility is located one and three-fifths per cent of the total 20 money wagered in such facility less amounts paid as refunds or for 21 cancellations. The executive director shall pay to both the city of New 22 Haven and the town of Windsor Locks an additional one-half of one 23 per cent of the total money wagered less any amount paid as a refund 24 or a cancellation in any facility equipped with screens for simulcasting 25 after October 1, 1997, located within a fifteen mile radius of facilities in 26 New Haven and Windsor Locks. Payment shall be made not less than 27 four times a year and not more than twelve times a year as determined 28 by the executive director, and shall be made from the tax imposed 29 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section for horse racing, subsection 30 (e) of this section for dog racing, subsection (f) of this section for jai alai 31 games and subsection (g) of this section for off-track betting. (2) If, for 32 any calendar year after the surrender of a license to conduct jai alai 33 events by any person or business organization pursuant to subsection 34 (c) of section 12-574c and prior to the opening of any dog race track by 35 such person or business organization, any other person or business 36 organization licensed to conduct jai alai events is authorized to 37 conduct a number of performances greater than the number 38 authorized for such licensee in the previous calendar year, the 39 executive director shall pay the municipality in which the jai alai 40 fronton for which such license was surrendered was located, rather 41 than the municipality in which the jai alai fronton conducting the 42 increased performances is located, one-half of one per cent of the total 43 money wagered on jai alai games for such increased performances at 44 the fronton which conducted the additional performances, except the 45 executive director shall pay each such municipality having a 46 population in excess of fifty thousand one per cent of the total money 47 wagered on jai alai games for such increased performances at such 48 fronton. (3) During any state fiscal year ending on or after June 30,

1993, the executive director shall pay each municipality in which a dog race track was operating prior to July 5, 1991, one per cent of the total money wagered on dog racing events at such dog race track. (4) During the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, each municipality in which a dog race track was operating prior to July 5, 1991, shall pay the Northeast Connecticut Economic Alliance, Inc. two-tenths of one per cent of the total money wagered on dog racing events at any dog race track operating prior to July 5, 1991. [(5) In the event a licensee incurs a loss from the operation of a pari-mutuel facility, as determined by the executive director, the legislative body of the city or town in which such facility is located may direct the executive director to credit or rebate all or a part of the revenue otherwise due to the municipality back to the facility. In no case shall such credit and such reimbursement exceed the amount of the licensee's loss, and in no fiscal year shall these provisions affect the total fees paid to the state by the authorized operator of the off-track betting system on its off-track betting activities.] (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (e) to (h), inclusive, of this section, in the event a licensee conducting jai alai or dog racing events incurs a financial loss from the operation of a jai alai fronton or dog track, as determined by the executive director, the legislative body of the city or town in which such facility is located may direct the executive director to rebate to such licensee all or part of the revenue otherwise due to the municipality from the taxes imposed under subsections (e) to (g), inclusive, of this section. In no case shall such rebate exceed the amount of the loss incurred from the operation of such jai alai fronton or dog track, as determined by the executive director.

This act shall take effect as follows:		
Section 1	upon passage	

#### PS Joint Favorable

49

50

51 52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either House thereof for any purpose:

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

### State Impact: None

#### Municipal Impact:

Effect	Municipalities	FY 03 \$
Revenue Impact	Bridgeport	See Below
Revenue Impact	Plainfield	See Below

#### Explanation

Under current, law municipalities hosting pari-mutuel facilities have the option of directing DSR to credit or rebate to the pari-mutuel all or a portion of the pari-mutuel tax and fee otherwise due to the municipality, for years in which the direct of DSR determines that the pari-mutuel licensee has incurred a loss from the on-track betting activities at the facility. This bill expands the revenue base to include revenue and fees generated from off-track betting activities.

The expansion of the revenue base may result in a reduction in the amount of revenue lost by towns electing the credit or rebate option because off-track betting activities are generally more profitable than on-track activities and may partially offset or eliminate any losses from on-track operations.

The bill will only potentially affect the City of Bridgeport or the Town of Plainfield since they are the only two municipalities currently with pari-mutuel facilities. The City of Bridgeport received approximately \$730,000 in payments from betting activities in FY 01 and the Town of Plainfield received approximately \$790,000.

#### **OLR Bill Analysis**

HB 5295

# AN ACT CONCERNING TAX REBATES FOR LICENSEES CONDUCTING JAI ALAI OR DOG RACING EVENTS

#### SUMMARY:

By law, towns with parimutuel facilities (such as dog tracks and jai alai frontons) receive from .25% to 2.1% of the amounts wagered at the facilities, depending on the type of facility, its location, and the town's population. Under current law, the town's legislative body can direct the Special Revenue Division's (DSR) executive director to credit or rebate all or part of the town's revenue from these tax payments to the parimutuel facility, if he determines that the facility's licensee incurred a loss from operating the facility. In practice, DSR applies the law to jai alai fronton and dog track licensees, and the reimbursement is based on taxes from on-track operations at the dog tracks and live games at the fronton. DSR does not apply the law to OTB operations at any of these facilities.

This bill explicitly allows the rebate to be based on all the facilities' operations, including OTB. It conforms the law to practice by limiting eligible facilities to jai alai and dog track facilities and licensees. Current law applies to all parimutuel licensees, including horse track licensees, although there are no horse tracks in the state. (The last fronton in the state closed in December, 2001.)

Under current law, the rebate is based on the taxes paid by the facility that incurred the loss. Under the bill, it appears that the rebate is based on the taxes paid by all OTB, jai alai, and dog racing facilities in the municipality, not just the facility that incurred the loss.

The bill eliminates a provision that specifies that any rebate cannot affect the total fees paid to the state by the authorized OTB system operator (Autotote). The provision appears redundant since the rebate applies to municipal, and not state, revenue.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Public Safety Committee

Joint Favorable Report Yea 22 Nay 0